

INDIANA ROOM

PAMPHLET FILE

VIGO COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Vigo County Public Library

120 S. 7th St., Terre Haute, Indiana - 47801

LOCAL HISTORY

SOME OF OUR MANY SERVICES FURNISHED TO THE PUBLIC

Communicable Disease Clinic

Tuberculosis Regional Clinic

Department Of Sanitation

Department Of Public Health Nursing

Department Of Vital Statistics

Division Of Air Pollution Control

Cooperation With Local Health Agencies,
Civil Defense, Local Hospitals And
Educational Institutions

Assistance In General Health Planning For
Now And In The Future For The
Entire Community

ANNUAL REPORT - 1969

FOREWORD

BY HUBERT T. GOODMAN, M.D.
Director

VIGO COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT
The Annual Report For The Fiscal Year Of
January 1 through December 31, 1969

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

Mr. Harry P. Brentlinger, Pres.

Mr. Joseph Silcock

Mr. Kermit Nees

BOARD MEMBERS

Dr. Robert Meissel, Pres.

Dr. Paul Siebenmorgen

Dr. Odell Archer

Mrs. Mildred Ellis

Mr. Winton D. Jones

Mr. Dale Hayhurst

Mr. Roger Mansard

HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Director

Hubert T. Goodman, M.D.

Administrative Assistant

Paul M. Welch, R.S.

COMPILED BY

Staff Members

Vigo County Health Department



FOREWARD

by Hubert T. Goodman, M. D.
Director

The Vigo County Health Department is pleased to present its Report for the Year of 1969.

The scope of the Department is constantly being enlarged and its growth means more benefits for the residents of Vigo County and also benefits for residents of surrounding counties who utilize our regional Tuberculosis Clinic.

The activities of the Vigo County Health Department are concentrated in the following departments:

- 1. The Department of Public Health Nursing*
- 2. Department of Sanitation*
- 3. Department of Vital Statistics*
- 4. Division of Air Pollution Control*
- 5. Communicable Disease Clinic*
- 6. Tuberculosis Regional Clinic*

Activities of the above divisions are described separately in the pages which follow.

During the year efforts were made to cooperate with all organizations of a community nature which had bearings on Public Health. This included attending meetings of groups such as the Vigo County Association of National Health Agencies and the Civil Defense.

Members of our staff are often called upon to speak to Groups on Health Subjects and they are always glad to cooperate as it is our belief that an interested public strengthens our organization.

The Department is also proud to announce that it was one of the few units in Indiana up to this time who staged a successful drive for the eradication of German Measles on a community basis. The Rubella vaccine used was provided by the Indiana State Board of Health. Participants in addition to our Health Department, were the Vigo County Medical Society, Indiana State Nurses Association and Women's Auxiliary to the Vigo County Medical Society.

At the present time, efforts are being made to help in passage of a suitable Air Quality Control Ordinance for Vigo County. It is hoped that this ordinance will have passed by the time this report is published.

The Department is following with interest the efforts being made to form a constitution for Vigo County in Comprehensive Health Planning. Comprehensive Health, when established, will certainly be a factor in health care for the future.

It is with deep regret that we report the death of our Health Commissioner, Dr. B. F. Duckwall in July. Dr. Duckwall did valuable work and his loss is deeply felt. His successor is Dr. Hubert T. Goodman who began his service in July.

We also regret to report the death of Mr. Aaron Cronk, one of our Sanitarians. He was a valuable employee and is missed by all.

During the year, close contact was held with the local Hospitals and the Medical Profession and the good relationship has been of great value in achieving productive results.

In our opinion 1970 will prove to be a good year for the Vigo County Board of Health and continued growth and service to the community will result.

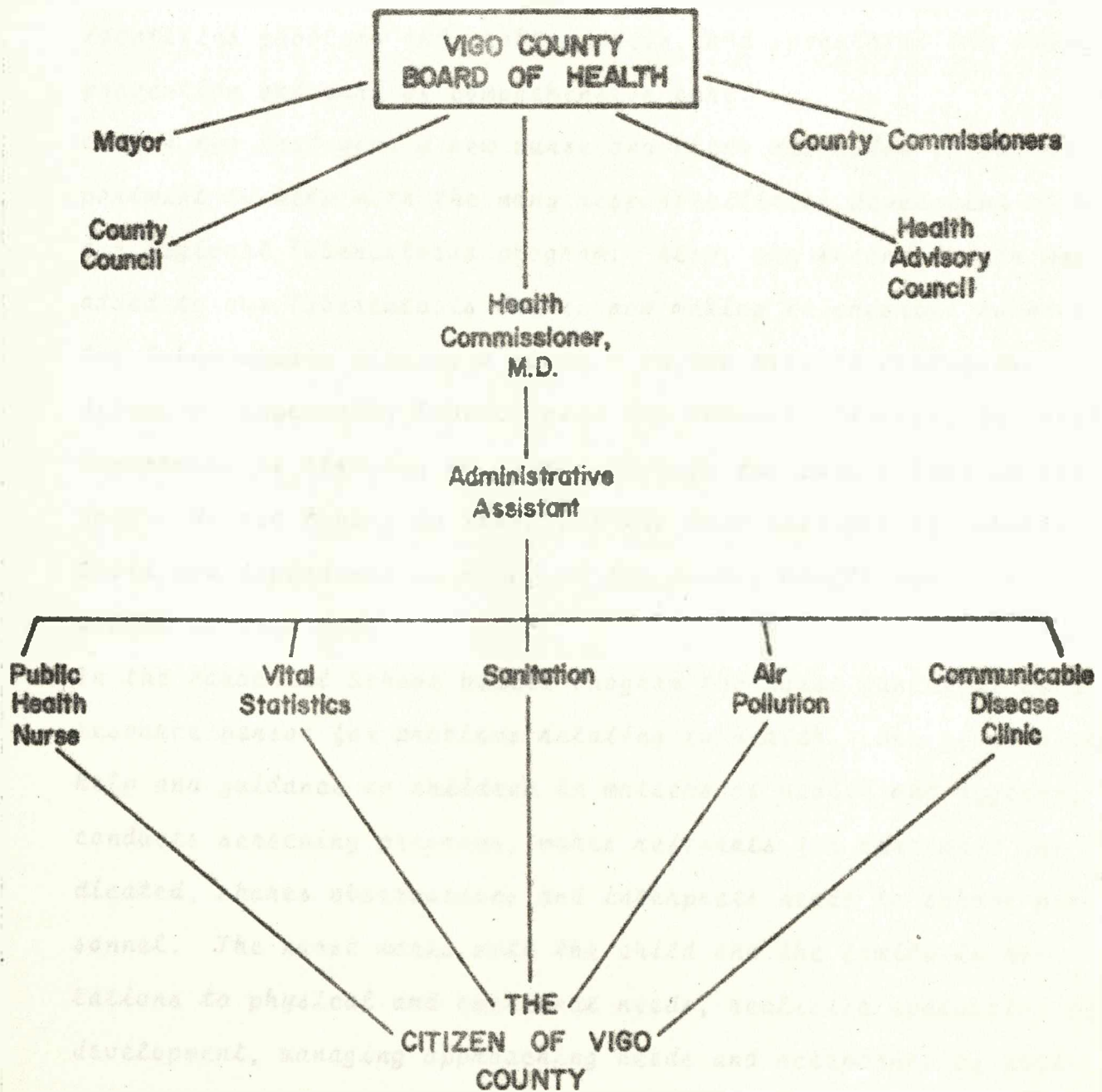
VIGO COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT

PROGRAM

1970

1. The continued expansion of the Vigo County Health Department Tuberculosis Clinic into a Regional Clinic including Vermillion, Parke, Clay and Sullivan counties.
2. To assist Town of Riley, Indiana in obtaining funds necessary to complete plans of the Primary Sewage Treatment Plant.
3. Air Pollution - Continued expansion of facilities and equipment and placing into service the new mobile laboratory.
4. Continued development of third floor area located in Vigo County Health Department building as a meeting auditorium for organizations who have health projects.
5. To work for the establishment of a Food Service Employee Training School under supervision of Vigo County Health Department.
6. To endeavor to have Vigo County Health Department obtain the proper number of qualified sanitarians in proportion with the population of the area.
7. To endeavor to have Vigo County Health Department obtain the services of additional public health nurses, to enlarge the scope of services, and to better meet the requests of the general public.
8. To expand all phases of the Communicable Disease Department to better serve the public and control certain diseases which seem to be on the increase.

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART OF THE VIGO
COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT



HEALTH HIGHLIGHTS

What does a public health nurse do? A little bit of everythingshe is a vital link between the people who need help and the resources to help them. She explores new areas, identifies problems and problem areas, and speculates the cause, prevention and cure of comprehensive care.

Within the last year a new nurse and clerk was added to our department to help with the many responsibilities developing with our regional Tuberculosis program. Also, the second doctor was added to our Tuberculosis Clinic now making it possible to have two Tuberculosis Clinics a month. In the area of contagious diseases, especially Tuberculosis and Venereal Disease, the Health Department is striving to better educate the public than in the past. We are trying to stamp out the last vestiges of Tuberculosis and dependence is heavy on the public health nurses to assist in this work.

In the Parochial School Health Program the nurse functions as a resource person for problems relating to health. She gives direct help and guidance to children in matters of health and hygiene, conducts screening programs, makes referrals for care when indicated, shares observations and interprets needs to school personnel. The nurse works with the child and the family in relations to physical and emotional needs, realistic evaluation of development, managing approaching needs and acceptance of abilities. The focus is on helping the child toward fulfillment of his potential.

HEALTH EDUCATION:

Special project: Two large information racks are displayed in the nursing division office. Your health nurse furnishes educational literature from these racks for the public through materials available to the Health Department without cost.

Approximately 1000 pieces of literature have been dispensed to student nurses, high school students and students from three local colleges.

Our Objectives are:

1. To promote health, prevent and control disease by teaching the individual, family and community the principles of health, hygiene and sanitation.
2. To aid the individual to become an independent, responsible and freely functioning member of society.

Your Public Health Nurses respectfully submit the following report of activities in the Nursing Division during the year 1969.

Cybernetics	8
Manufacturing and Sales	
Administration	11
Public Health	122
Office Hours	26
Public Health Conferences	42
Administration	252
Administration	1121

ANNUAL REPORT - 1969

Nursing Division

Morbidity

<i>Admissions</i>	<i>42</i>
<i>Field Visits</i>	<i>773</i>
<i>Office Visits</i>	<i>253</i>

Tuberculosis (Field Nurses)

<i>Admissions</i>	<i>5</i>
<i>Field Visits</i>	<i>750</i>
<i>Office Visits</i>	<i>126</i>

Maternity

<i>Admissions</i>	<i>23</i>
<i>Field Visits</i>	<i>136</i>
<i>Office Visits</i>	<i>27</i>

Child Supervision

<i>Admissions</i>	<i>22</i>
<i>Field Visits</i>	<i>109</i>
<i>Office Visits</i>	<i>59</i>

Handicapped Services

<i>Admissions</i>	<i>11</i>
<i>Field Visits</i>	<i>124</i>
<i>Office Visits</i>	<i>28</i>

Well Child Conferences

<i>Admissions</i>	<i>648</i>
<i>Attendance</i>	<i>1483</i>

Immunizations Completed

<i>Basic</i>	<i>239</i>
<i>Booster</i>	<i>264</i>
<i>Smallpox</i>	<i>232</i>
<i>Tri-Valent</i>	<i>646</i>
<i>Measles</i>	<i>269</i>

Miscellaneous Visits

<i>Field Visits</i>	<i>199</i>
<i>Office Visits</i>	<i>285</i>
<i>Conferences</i>	<i>297</i>

Meetings Attended

<i>Committee</i>	<i>49</i>
<i>Professional</i>	<i>100</i>
<i>Public</i>	<i>23</i>

Glenn Home

<i>Number of visits</i>	<i>48</i>
<i>Number of children seen</i>	<i>308</i>
<i>Conference with Officials & Physician</i>	<i>85</i>

Communicable Disease Clinic

<i>New Registrations</i>	<i>1292</i>
<i>Office Visits</i>	<i>3049</i>
<i>Field Visits</i>	<i>306</i>

Total Gonorrhea (New Cases)

<i>Clinic</i>	<i>64</i>
<i>Private Doctor</i>	<i>14</i>
<i>Prophylactic Treatment</i>	<i>56</i>

ANNUAL REPORT - 1969

Bronchitis	11
Chickenpox	150
Conjunctivitis	31
Dysentery Unspecified	5
Impetigo	43
Histoplasmosis	1
Infectious Hepatitis	151
Infectious Mononeucleosis	16
Influenza	348
Meningitis	
H. Flu	5
Streptococcal	1
Acute Bacterial	1
Mumps	5
Pediculosis	8
Pneumonia	241
Pneumonitis	31
Ringworm	7
Rocky Mt. Spotted Fever	1
Rubella	16
Rubeola	1
Salmonellosis	15
Scarlet Fever	12
Scarletina	3
Streptococcal Infections (Sore Throat)	27
Whooping Cough	6

Total Syphilis (New Cases)

Clinic		5
Private Doctor		7
Prophylactic Treatment		8
Laboratory tests made		652
Total treated, pills, shots, etc.		472
Food handlers certificates issued by Clinic		508
Mantoux given		637
Tine tests given		185
Parochial School Service		
Visits		204
Individual Inspections		1902
Vision Tests		1940
Hearing Tests		1073
Home Visits		70
Tuberculin Testing		
Number children tested		993
Positive reactor		1
Measle Vaccine given in Clinic		
Woodrow Wilson School	January 18	271
Woodrow Wilson School	April 26	228

REPORT FOR VIGO COUNTY REGIONAL TUBERCULOSIS CLINIC - 1969

Admissions (New Registrations)	193
Newly Diagnosed Cases	7
Field Visits	519
Medication and Treatment	197
Out-Patient Follow-ups	74
Mantoux	221
Tines	81
Conferences	226
Office Visits	519
Mantoux	315
Medication and Treatment	202
Out-Patient Follow-Ups	22
Conferences	340
Clinic	
Physicians	18
Number Patients	208
X-rays	334
Sputums	245
Complete Blood Counts	5
Conferences	256
Meetings Attended	20
Talks Given	3

VITAL STATISTICS DEPARTMENT

The primary function of the vital statistics registration system is to obtain and preserve the documentary evidence concerning births, deaths and stillbirths that is necessary to protect the legal rights of individuals. The laws of every state provide for the permanent filing of all vital statistics records. As a result, individuals may at any time obtain from the official custodian of such records copies or data needed for legal purposes.

Because of the many legal, public health, research and social welfare uses of vital records, each certificate should be prepared as completely and accurately as possible. Some items of information are personal and may be embarrassing to the individual or his family. However, vital statistics registration officials are aware of this fact and provide a number of safeguards to protect this information from unwarranted or indiscriminate disclosure.

A birth record is a statement of facts important to an individual in many ways. Among the uses of this record are proof of age, proof of parentage, and proof of citizenship; for example, for entrance to school; for obtaining a driver's license, marriage license, passport, veteran's benefits, welfare aid, Social Security benefits; and for voters registration. Furthermore, statistical information on the number of births and the associated birth rates by characteristics such as, place of birth, place of residence of mother, age of mother, and order of birth.

The information is frequently used to estimate population growth and changes, the knowledge of which is helpful to many government agencies and business concerns. The data from birth and fetal death certificates are essential in planning and evaluating a broad range of health activities, including various aspects of maternal and child health programs. Medical data on the certificates are used for scientific research. The records may also be used to provide samples of various segments of the population for additional research purposes.

Death certificates are used to prove the fact of death for insurance claims and for liquidation of estates. They are also used to prove facts about the deceased, such as name of spouse and parents, information on circumstances and cause of death, age, sex, and race, date and place of interment, and date for settlement of pension claims, insurance adjustments, and other general legal use.

Although, in the early years of vital statistics registration, the production of statistics from the vital statistics records was considered of secondary importance, today such statistics are extremely important.

Since vital statistics define the problems and measure the results of many aspects of public health work, they are a necessary foundation on which to base an effective public health program. Without them a health department cannot perform its duties with perspective and in an evaluation of each item in terms of its current and future usefulness for registration identification, legal, medical and research purposes.

VITAL STATISTICS DEPARTMENT

1969

Births Reported

2215

Legitimate Births

1972

Illegitimate Births

243

Stillbirths Reported

30

Deformities Reported

29

Affidavits of Amendment Processed

144

Adoption Forms Processed

213

Parentage Forms Processed

37

Deaths Reported

1592

Birth Certificates Issued

4142

Death Certificates Issued

5783

VIGO COUNTY

5 LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH 1965-1969

	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969
Heart Disease	529	572	618	475	733
Cancer	166	170	194	116	195
Pneumonia	127	91	98	82	100
Accidents	35	54	47	56	69
Suicide	12	14	15	11	18

POLLUTION IS

EVERYONE'S PROBLEM!

SUPPORT

CLEAN

AIR.

DIVISION OF
AIR POLLUTION CONTROL

The Division of Air Pollution Control has the responsibility to develop and administer an adequate air pollution control program. It must help to guard the health and well-being of the citizens of Vigo County from the present and potential dangers of air pollution.

Environmental pollution is of vital concern at all levels of government and a major sector of this problem is air pollution. The Clean Air Act of 1967, the federal legislation asserting national emphasis, and the Indiana Air Pollution Legislation (including 1969 amendments) contain the guidelines, support and authority for the activities of this Division.

COMPLAINTS

One of the major duties of the Division of Air Pollution Control is the prompt investigation of complaints. As we had no legal authority during 1969, we relied upon diplomatic persuasion and cooperation of the parties involved to settle complaints. A majority of our complaints dealt with individual households, rather than with industrial concerns. Commercial-industrial complaints were almost entirely involved with excessive smoke and soot. In order to aid in the prompt investigation of complaints, all of the Division's vehicles are now equipped with two-way radios.

SUSPENDED PARTICULATES

(Dirt And Dust Count)

During the year 1969, four hundred and sixty samples were taken at sites throughout Vigo County. The county-wide average for 1969 was 112 ug/m^3 . For 1968, this average was 86 ug/m^3 . In 1968, samples were not taken regularly during the winter months when considerable amounts of fuel were burned for heating.

The 1969 particulate data, by sites, was:

<u>SITE</u>	<u>NUMBER OF SAMPLES</u>	<u>AVERAGE</u>	<u>HIGH</u>	<u>LOW</u>
Federal Building	163	113	335	32
Terre Town	23	108	335	49
Dreiser Square	44	124	273	19
Seelyville	23	98	180	28
West Terre Haute	40	147	284	52
Idaho Post Office	25	125	246	51
12 Points	34	132	255	37
St. Mary-Of-The-Woods	23	102	158	27
Riley	25	67	140	21
Prairieton	15	81	185	43
26th & Hulman	21	96	238	26
Stadium*	22	85	250	32
Meadows School*	2	104	125	82

* With the demolition of the Stadium, this sampler was moved to Meadows School.

SULFUR DIOXIDE

The difficulties with the SO_2 Analyzer/Recorder have been corrected. It has been operating twenty-four hours a day, five days a week since the end of October. The machine automatically analyzes samples of air (each sample lasting about seven minutes) and records this data. The data must then be manually processed to obtain a sulfur dioxide reading. In November, 1666 samples were analyzed with an average of

0.0326 ppm. The December average was 0.0445 ppm. and was computed from 2739 samples. The average for the two months was 0.0385 ppm. This is below the level at which health effects are expected; however, this level is about one-third of the level which would cause some concern.

FUEL SURVEY

A 1969 fuel survey was conducted using the Terre Haute Chamber of Commerce's Industrial Directory. The results of an 82% return were:

- (1) Coal consumed 2,624,789 tons
- (2) Natural gas consumed 5,317,368,721 cubic ft.
- (3) Fuel oil consumed 5,483,751 gal.

The purpose of the survey was to locate major combustion sources (by type). This data should reveal geographical areas of the county where emission problems could develop.

CLEAN AIR WEEK

In conjunction with National Clean Air Week (October 19-25, 1969) the Division conducted automotive emission tests as a public service. These tests were given at various shopping centers throughout the county. The carbon monoxide emissions of the vehicles were measured. It was noted that 1970 automobiles produced substantially less carbon monoxide than older vehicles.

MOBILE SAMPLING STATION

A large van was delivered early in November. The Department is now taking steps to outfit this vehicle as a mobile laboratory for the

collection of data on air pollution emissions and related factors. Several other air pollution agencies have become interested in this project and have expressed a desire to examine it upon completion.

LECTURES, MEETINGS AND TRAINING

During the year, several lectures were given to interested civic and school groups. Many college and high school students and other interested individuals requested and received literature and other such information on air pollution.

Members of the staff attended several meetings and training sessions during the year.

FEDERAL GRANTS

The Division of Air Pollution Control receives three-to-one matching funds from the federal government. The grant in force throughout 1969 was an "Development Grant" and was administered through the department of Health, Education and Welfare.

Beginning January 1, 1970, the Division must qualify for a "Establishment Grant" and to qualify an effective Air Pollution Control Ordinance must be in force. All other stipulated requirements for the Establishment Grant have been met.

ORDINANCE

Work on the ordinance has been in process for some time. However, an intensified effort has been underway since February, 1969. In the development of this ordinance, there have been meetings with many diverse groups which have stimulated several versions. In October, a draft of the ordinance was submitted to the County Commissioners for their approval, but no action had been taken by the end of the year. It is expected that an ordinance will be signed into law early in 1970.

STAFF

The year 1969 saw a completely new staff in the Division. Early in the year the staff consisted of the Director, a secretary, and an inspector. A request was submitted to the County Council to establish two positions for technically qualified individuals. Two men, a chemist and a civil engineer doing graduate work at Indiana State University, were found to fill these positions. They have contributed greatly to the progress of the Division.

SANITATION DIVISION

GENERAL SANITATION DEPARTMENT'S

MISSION IS DIRECTED TOWARD:

1. Improving the quality of the total environment;
2. Maintain effective controls over consumer products; and
3. Improve environmental safety.

The level of environmental sanitation enjoyed by any group of people living together in an organized manner is a direct reflection of the knowledge and habits of those people. To change the

level of sanitation of any group to a higher plane, the people must be educated as to why a higher level of sanitation is desirable and must be motivated to want to change their mode of living.

Our sanitation level is a determinant of our health and well-being. As we become more congested in our environment, the future demands that we upgrade our level of sanitation. Much of the time of our Health Department employees is spent today trying to correct the deficiencies of the past. The objectives of the environmental sanitation program is not solely the corrections of the inadequacies of programs of the past but to plan ahead so that we may anticipate the requirements of our community before they become defined needs. Under either rural or urban circumstances, local Health Departments functioning on direct service level, must for reasons of economy and efficiency supplement the services of professionally trained workers by assigning specific functions to auxiliary workers, who through training and experience, have demonstrated ability to perform those functions adequately under supervision.

This policy has been found practical and justifiable in other phases of the public health program, as well as in medicine and engineering and where there is ample reason to follow it in the field of environmental control. This makes for a more comprehensive program in the field and enables the local sanitarian to assist with certain difficult and technical activities which formerly were handled entirely by the professional sanitarian. Recent trends indicate more and more reason for closer association between the Health Officer and the Sanitation staff and for mutual attack upon problems that are really of common concern.

The Vigo County Health Department has an intensive program of inspection and investigation in the following categories:

Solid Waste Disposal Sites	Nuisance Complaints (of all kinds)
Recreational Areas	Substandard Housing
Proposed Subdivision Areas	Private & Commercial Sewage
Stream Pollution	Disposal Systems
Public Swimming Pools	Private Water Supply
Food Service Establishments	Mobile Home Parks
Nursing Homes	

We realize we must adjust to changing patterns in the philosophy of environmental practices which are producing dramatic modifications in everyday environmental activities. We believe the need is for positive, effective, direct action, not only toward minimizing environmental hazards, but also toward developing positive attitudes among people who are in reality factors of the environment.

The Sanitation Department accepts this philosophy as a challenge and will seize upon the opportunity to recognize the seriousness of environmental hazards and do everything within its power to protect the people of the community.

ANNUAL REPORT FOR 1969
VIGO COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT
GENERAL SANITATION DIVISION

SOLID WASTE

TRASH	850
GARBAGE	29
DUMPS	63

SEPTIC TANK SEWAGE
DISPOSAL SYSTEMS

SEPTIC SYSTEMS	400
SEWAGE	241

FOOD SERVICE ESTABLISHMENTS

RESTAURANTS	258
SCHOOLS	29
TAVERNS	135
MARKETS	167

HEALTH FACILITIES

NURSING HOMES	18
REST HOMES	4

RABIES CONTROL

ANIMAL BITES	4
LIVE DOGS	60
LIVE CATS	2
DEAD DOGS	2
DEAD CATS	2
OTHER ANIMALS	48

MISCELLANEOUS CALLS	751
---------------------	-----

CONDEMNED HOUSING	148
-------------------	-----

TOTAL-----3211

ANNUAL REPORT FOR 1969
VIGO COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT
GENERAL SANITATION DIVISION

DEAD ANIMAL REPORT

Animals taken from Humane Shelter to Land Fill Dump

Dogs	4110	Birds	16
Cats	2999	Gerbil	4
Opossums	33	Guinea Pig	1
Mice	5	Fox	1
Rabbits	10	Deer	1
Squirrels	15	Snakes	1
Raccoons	11		

Animals taken off City streets and taken to Land Fill Dump

Dogs	1116	Fish	6
Cats	625	Hornets Nests	2
Squirrels	118	Raccoons	9
Opossums	125	Ground Hogs	2
Rabbits	35	Bats	1
Skunks	6	Snakes	1
Fox	1	Hogs	1
Chickens	12		

Animals taken off County roads and taken to Land Fill Dump

Dogs	363	Mouse	1
Cats	89	Ground Hogs	3
Opossums	44	Skunks	6
Rabbits	7	Turtles	2
Frogs	35	Snakes	1
Raccoons	13	Pigs	3
Fox	2		

Total-----9,836

ANIMAL BITE REPORT FOR - 1969

Dog	404
Cat	36
Rat	4
Mouse	4
Raccoon	1
Pony	1
Squirrel	7
Hamster	2
Bat	2
Skunk	1
Horse	2
Hog	4
Pig	1
Groundhog	1
Calf	1
Rabbit	4
Guinea pig	1
	<hr/> 476

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

DECEMBER 31, 1969

EXPENSES - DISBURSEMENTS

Personal Services	\$164,429.29
Other Operating Expense	34,242.49
Current Charges	31,639.48
Properties	<u>23,080.80</u>
Total Disbursements	\$253,392.06

RECEIPTS

Fees Collected	11,876.00
Tax Settlement	177,849.04
State Grant	24,057.06
Air Pollution Federal Grant	22,019.00
Miscellaneous	<u>66.50</u>
Total Receipts	\$235,867.60
Cash Bal. Jan. 1, 1969	<u>46,678.92</u>
	\$282,546.52

Balance in Health Fund
December 31, 1969

\$ 29,154.46

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

DECEMBER 31, 1969

EXPENSES - DISBURSEMENTS

Personal Services	\$164,439.29
Other Operating Expense	34,242.49
Current Charges	31,839.48
Properties	23,080.80
Total Disbursements	\$253,592.06

RECEIPTS

Fees Collected	11,878.00
Tax Settlement	177,849.04
State Grant	24,627.06
Air Pollution Federal Grant	22,019.00
Miscellaneous	66.20
Total Receipts	\$236,389.30
Cash Bal. Jan. 1, 1969	46,678.92
	\$283,068.22

Balance in Health Fund
December 31, 1969

\$ 22,124.46

RECEIPTS

Fees Collected December 31, 1969-

Birth and Death Certificates \$ 8,875.00

Septic Tank Permits 1,116.00

Vigo County School Corp.
Reimbursement Mantoux Testing TB 924.00

Parke and Vermillion Counties
Reimbursement T. B. Clinic 185.00

T. B. Tests 474.00

Laboratory Fees 302.00

Total Fees Collected \$11,876.00

EMPLOYEES

1969

VIGO COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT

ADMINISTRATION

Hubert T. Goodman, M.D.
Paul M. Welch, R.S.
Carolyn Spence
Dorothy Pine
Eunice Harding

VITAL STATISTICS

Wilma E. Kintz
Hazel Hackwith
Mary Lower

GENERAL SANITATION

Raymond Mark Sutton, Jr.
Wanda Brown
Charles Peters
George Hoffman
Sherman Duling
Simon Hanselman

INTERNSHIP PROGRAM

Marilyn Hazell
Nancy Clements

MOSQUITO & FLY CONTROL PROGRAM

Charles Brenton

AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DIVISION

Noel E. Moore, Ph.D.
Kay Perkins
Robert E. Reynolds
Thomas Lausman
Michael E. Johnson
Bruce A. Boyd

NURSING DIVISION

Garnet Kaiser, R.N.
Judy Dragon, R.N.
Mary Ewing, R.N.
Mary Mulvihill, R.N.
Dorothy Conrad

COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CLINIC

Suzann Malone, R.N.
Dortha Payne, R.N.
Ralph Garrett
Joan Russell
H.G. Edwards, M.D.
Byron C. Wheeler, Jr., M.D.
Hubert B. Pirkle, M.D.

OUR POSITIVE PROGRAM

Our positive program for environmental health is:
based upon human needs
directed toward human wants
founded upon scientific principles
planned by all groups concerned
operated with human understanding.

Encouraging people to help themselves, it aims at:

- 1. Education in the need for prevention of hazards to health*
- 2. Voluntary participation of all people*
- 3. Development of attitudes, understanding practices and facilities for a clean, sanitary and inspiring environment.*

CLEANLINESS AND SANITATION OF THE TOTAL ENVIRONMENT

ARE MEASUREMENTS OF AMERICAN CULTURE.